The art of war, still a struggle

Two side-by-side exhibits chronicle the many offshoots of militarization, but only one achieves the gut-wrenching honesty its subject demands, writes SARAH MILROY

e theme of war can be the theme of war can be treacheous territory for artists. If you are up to the task — with all the requisite intelligence, compassion and gravity—you can hit the cover off the ball. If not, however, all your weaknesses will be revealed. I found myself thinking about this while looking at two shows currently at The Power. two shows currently at The Power Plant art gallery in Toronto — Fiona Banner: The Bastard Word and Yael

Banner: The Bastard Word and yaer Bartana: Ritual.

To a degree, the difference be-tween them is cultural. Banner is British, and lives and works in Lon-don, a long way from the killing fields where Britain's troops are tieds where britains troops are now deployed. Not surprisingly, perhaps, war and militarization are themes she handles on a conceptu-al level. In one work, a naked wom-an's body is described in words, scrawled on the upended wing of a scrawled on the upended wing of a Tornado fighter jet. In another, an ABC of warplanes is presented in a series of pencil drawings, a dispassionate, irony-tinged primer for the apocalypse. Some of the drawings include wry pencil notations suggesting ornithology field notes, a play on the fact that most warblanes are paging differ creatures. planes are named after creatures from the natural world. The effect is

cool, cerebral
In the work of Israeli artist Yael
Barrana, militarization is a condition that is more viscerally undersmod, in part, that is due to the arttat's life experience. Now living in.
Amsterdam, she grew up in Israel.
For her, war is not an intellectual
conceil or a mass-media obenomconceit or a mass-media phenom

concert or a mass-media pienoriti-enon to be deconstructed. It is a primordial reality of humankind that she examines with a slow gaze. Comparisons between the two bodies of work are inevitable, and the contrast works to Bartana's advantage. Where Banner comes across as clever, Bartana seems

across as clever, Bartana seems wise, dominating the pairing through the clarity, sophistication and solemnity of her observations. Banner has been well known on the international scene for a decade or more. Shordisted for the Turner Prize a few years back, the came to prominence with a series of text paintings in which she graphically described scenes from pornographic films, inscribing her vibrant descriptive language onto the monochromatic surface of large canvases. Banner used words to

viewer/ reader — a new twist on representation. I remember liking

them.

In the current show, curated by Power Plant director Gregory Burke, Banner is showing works that extend this line of inquiry: verbal descriptions of naked women painted onto canvas, onto the wall, onto fragments of fighter jets, and, in one instance, onto a section of onto fragments of fighter jets, and, in one instance, onto a section of excised gallery drywall. (She created this final piece in front of an audience in early March, using a live nude model as her muse.)

To my eye, though, the trick has grown tired. Her language describes the features of the woman's

scribes the features of the woman's

grown treed, her language describes the features of the woman's body, itemizing the peculiarities of her skin and hair, and the play of light across her flesh. But as you read your way around the room, you find that every nude is described in virtually the same way. The artist's perceptual apparatus seems to be stuck on autopilot. The Toronto show also foregrounds Banner's other preoccupations: fighter jets and language. But the result is somewhat less than the sum of its parts. In addition to her ABC, inventory of jets, she is also showing a suite of drawings suggesting an alphabet, with each letter form comprised of a section, or whole, of a military autoral's in the galary's chresnory space, she has suspended Paradae, a throng of mediumary aiteraft, painted grey. del military aiterath, painted grey, and all pointing in different direc-tions, to suggest, one assumes, chaos and a kind of claustrophobia. Finally, in a smaller side gallery, Banner is showing another interna-tional news affects and hallconters.

Banner is showing another interna-tional roster of jets and helicopiers, this time in the format of a slide show accompanied by the movie soundtracks from several landmark Hollywood war films. This is the weakest work in the show, the kind of project that any BFA undergrad would crank out to demonstrate the sounds the fixener efforces. requisite left-wing reflexes. Naked women and warplanes; it's

Nated women and warpianes; its a time-honoured conflation. But its she critical or complicit in this ob-jectification? Who knows? Banner is also showing handmade white ne-on signs. One series presents punc-tuation marks (crudely fashioned by the artist's own hand); the next an entire alphabet, presumably presented as a system of signs through which we find mastery (at



A still from Yael Bartung's video wild Seeds (2005): opening a back door to the raw psychological pain of growing up in a militarized state.



Fiona Banner's drawing cycle The Bastard Word (2006-07): Despite their stylish presentation, her ideas have a stale, preheated flavour.

least in our own minds) over the flux of reality. But what to make of all this? The motifs in Benner's work neatly rhyme, but there the story ends. Despite their stylish presen-tation, the ideas are tation, the ideas are trite, with a stale, preheated flavour.

stale, preheated flavour.
Bartana's work is just the oppo-site. The Power Plant show, curated by gallery curator Helena fackint, includes several video works, each one wonderfully concise, yet offer-ing a field day for interpretation. Kings of the Hill (2004) consists of

images of macho drivers in their allimages of macho drivers in their all-terrain SUVs, negotiaung the hily territory near the beach at Tel Avz. We hear the sound of their tires spinning and their engines roaring as they attempt to scale near-im-possible terrain. Sometimes they get stuck in their hilariously futile attempts, and sometimes they sre-vall, but either way the effect is comic, as if the vehicles are raging heasts, bucking and snorting. Bartiana suggests the kind of ob-simate, head-butting mindset that

underning the current military conunderpins the current military conflict in the Middle East, She takes no sides in this. It is human character that is subjected to her amused scrutiny here, not the shortcomings of one side or the other.

Low Relief II (2004) is equally condensed, consisting of imagery of Israeli and Palestinian poace demonstrators—shouting slogans,

demonstrators — shouting slogans, dinking from ware bottles, waving banners — and the police who moritor their demonstrations. What elevates these scenes is the way is which Bartana slows them down, also running them through a program that lends to the imagery the appearance of low-relief carving, albeit with a glided, slightly soleried environments.

ing, afbeit with a gibted, slightly so-larized appearance.
Watching Love Rever III, one is re-minded of the look of Egyptian carvings of the kind found in burial chambers, carvings that asmed to record history and hand it on to the future. Bartana takes this narrative sculptural tradition and translates tinto her digital medium, making a work that is technologically of our work that is technologically of ou moment but, thematically, as old as the hills.

the hills.

The most powerful of Bartana's video projections here is Wild Seeds (2005). The work simply records a group of Israeli teenagers playing a game they've made up called Evacuation of Gilad's Colony, which reenacts a confrontation between Israeli soldiers and settlers in the occasional services in the occasi

raeli soldiers and settiers in the oc-cupied territories in 2002. Bartana shows us the teens arriv-ing in their blue jeans and T-shirts, glowing and vibrant with young life. Lush, rolling hills untold into the distance, suggesting a promised land of fecundity and peace. As the

game begins, a cluster of teens name begins, a cluster of teems insess up position, handing together with their arms and legs inter-twined and their hands inter-locked, while opposing players at tempt to pull them assunder. The audio track records the tunits, slongans and pleas, which are translated into Inglish in an adjacent wall projection: "I can't breathe," "I can't see, "Give up the light," "Traitori" "Go back where you came from," "Leave her alone." "No! They so cut land.

from," "Leave her alone." "Not The is out and At other moments, she records her subjects in conventional time. More often than not, she pushes her camera up close to their straining laces. We hear their screams and taunts, but sometimes she cuts the sound out from under us, so we experience the spectacle in shence. Are those kids having fun? This is just a game, and yet their faces can take on an agonized appearance. earance

appearance.

This ambivalence is eloquent.
Watching, you become mindful
that they are at the age of conscrip-tion, that they may soon be figiture
their nation's battles in earness.
This becomes more and more un-This becomes more and more un-comfortable to witness, as if you have stumbled on a back door to the raw psychological pain of grow-ing up in a militarized state. Like a joke that goes too far, wild Seeds reveals the wound beneath the surface of things. Despite the hilarity, we can see how it hurts.

From Bayner: The Bastard Word Frona Banner: The Basiara Word and Yael hartana: Ritual centinue at The Power Plant until April 22 (416-973-4949).